Study Units
A Special Relationship? America and Britain, 1945-
Abraham Lincoln, 1861-1865
Absolute monarchy, 1629-1790
Africa and European colonialism
African nationalism: the struggle for independence and inheritance
Agitation and coercion, 1815-1822
Alexander II of Russia (1855-1881)
Alexander III of Russia (1881-1894)
Alfred the Great (871-899)
America and the Vietnam War, 1965-1975
America at the movies, 1891-1960
America during the First World War, 1914-1918
America during the Second World War, 1941-1945
American feminism
American foreign policy and colonisation, 1896-1920
American foreign policy during the Cold War
American Foreign Policy, 1866-1896
American foreign policy, 1920-1941
American Involvement in South-east Asia
American literature
American operations in South and Central America
American operations in the Middle East
American race relations, 1896-1954: Plessy to Brown
American society and culture, 1650-1763
American society and culture, 1750-1800
American society and culture, 1801-1865
American society and culture, 1865-1918
American society and culture, 1918-1945
America's Progressive Era, 1900-1917
An introduction to African history
An introduction to historiography
An introduction to international relations
An introduction to the history of the First World War, 1914-1918
An introduction to the history of the Second World War, 1939-1945
Ancient Egypt
Ancient Greece
Anglicanism, Catholicism and Puritanism in the sixteenth century
Anglo-Irish relations, 1714-1798
Anglo-Irish relations: the First World War and the Easter Rising, 1916
Anglo-Saxon political history, 757-1066
Anne (1702-1714)
Antisemitism
Anti-war protest: Vietnam on the home front
ANZACS: Australia and New Zealand at war
Argentina and Peronism
Australia, 1901-1945
Australia, 1945-
Belgium, 1830-1939
Black Power: Race and race relations 1968-
Bourbon France, 1589-1789
Brazil, 1815-1930
Britain and the Commonwealth
Britain and the continental powers, 1660-1688
Britain and the European Community
Britain between the Wars, 1918-1939
Britain during the First World War, 1914-1918
Britain during the Second World War, 1939-1945
Britain's 'splendid isolation', 1890-1900
British colonialism
British domestic affairs since 1945
British foreign and imperial policy, 1867-1886
British political history, 1066-1154
British political history, 1154-1399
British political history, 1399-1485
British society and culture, 1066-1154
British society and culture, 1154-1399
British society and culture, 1399-1485
British society and culture, 1485-1603
British society and culture, 1603-1714
British society and culture, 1714-1837
British society and culture, 1837-1914
British society and culture, 1914-1945
British society and culture, 757-1066
British voyages of discovery and exploration
Byzantium
Calvin and Zwingli
Canada, 1867-1914
Canada, 1914-1945
Canada, 1945-
Capetian France, 987-1328
Capitalism
Caribbean history, 1794-1900
Castro's Cuba, 1958-
Catherine the Great of Russia (1762-1796)
Catholic emancipation, 1829
Charlemagne (771-814)
Charles I (1625-1649)
Charles II and the Restoration, 1660-1685
Charles V (1516-1556)
Chartism
China, 1911-1949
China, 1949-
Christian missionaries in Africa and Asia
Collective security and the League of Nations, 1919-1939
Colonial America, 1650-1763
Communism
Conquest and conversion in Spanish America, Brazil and the Caribbean
Counterculture and the New Left in the United States
Crime and criminal justice in the United Kingdom, 1918-99
Crime and criminal justice in the United States, 1865-1999
Crime and punishment in Victorian Britain
Darwin and theories of evolution
Decolonisation
Decolonisation: Britain's retreat from Empire
Democracy
Disease and medicine
Doing History
Dwight Eisenhower and modern Republicanism
Early settler society in America
Education in the United States
Education in Victorian Britain
Edward VI (1547-1553) and Mary (1553-1558)
Egypt and the Suez Canal, 1869-1956
Elizabeth I (1558-1603)
England and Europe, 1509-1603
Enlightened absolutism, 1740-1795
European Colonies during the First World War
European Colonies during the Second World War
European economic development, 1492-1789
European emigration to the United States, 1860-1914
European encounters with the New World, 1492-1650
European exploration and expansion, 1415-1600
European society and culture, 1000-1500
European society and culture, 1500-1789
European society and culture, 1789-1918
European society and culture, 1918-
Expansionism: the American West
Fascism
Fascist Italy, 1922-1945
Fashion in Britain, 1945-
Ferdinand and Isabella (1474-1516)
Feudalism
France during the Second World War, 1939-1945
France, 1799-1870
France, 1870-1940
Franco's Spain, 1938-75
Franklin Delano Roosevelt, 1933-45
Frederick the Great of Prussia (1740-1786)
Frederick William of Prussia, the Great Elector (1640-1688)
French colonialism
From colony to nation: Australia, 1850-1901
Gender history
Genocide in the twentieth century
George Bush and Bill Clinton, 1988-2000
George I (1714-1727) and George II (1727-1760)
George III (1760-1820) and George IV (1820-30)
George Washington, 1732-1799
Gerald Ford and Jimmy Carter
German Unification, 1862-1871
Germany during the Second World War
Gladstone and Disraeli, 1867-1886
Grover Cleveland and Benjamin Harrison, 1884-96
Hanoverian party politics
Harry Truman and the Cold War
Heath, Callaghan and Thatcher, 1970-1990
Henry II of England (1154-1189)
Henry IV of France (1589-1610)
Henry VII (1485-1509)
Henry VIII (1509-1547)
Heresy in the Middle Ages
Humanism
Immigration and multiculturalism in America
Immigration to Australia and New Zealand
Imperialism
Independence and nation-building in Latin America, 1810-1898
Independent states in Africa, 1957-
India: independence and partition, 1920-1947
Indian Wars in the early Republic
Indian Wars, 1860-1890
Indigenous Australians
Industrialisation and urban society in America
Intelligence agencies in the United States
International relations, 1945-
Iran, 1921-79
Iran: Revolution and Islamic rule, 1979-
Ireland and the Great Famine, 1845-1848
Ireland in the seventeenth century, 1603-1714
Ireland: Civil War and Partition, 1919-1923
Ireland: Free State and Republic, 1921-1965
Ireland: The Union and opposition to it, 1800-1845
Israel, 1948-
Italian Unification, 1815-1871
Jacksonian democracy, 1828-1840
Jacobitism: the '15 and the '45
James II (1685-1688)
James K. Polk and the Mexican War
James VI and I (1567-1625/1603-1625)
Japan since 1945
Japan, 1913-1945
Japan: Meiji restoration and social reform, 1868-1912
Jeffersonian Republicanism, 1800-1816
John F. Kennedy
John Quincy Adams and the election of 1824
Kaiser Wilhelm I (1871-88) and Bismarck
Khrushchev (1953-1964) and Brezhnev (1964-1982)
King John and Magna Carta, 1199-1216
Labour history and the rise of the working class, 1867-1914
Labour history in America
Late Imperial China
Latin America, 1898-1945
Latin America, 1945-
Leaders, strategy and tactics in the American Civil War
Leaders, strategy and tactics in the American War of Independence
Lenin's Russia, 1917-1924
Liberalism
Living standards and the 'condition of England', 1837-1901
Lord Liverpool and Tory government, 1812-1830
Louis XIV (1643-1715)
Louis XV (1715-1774)
Louis XVI (1774-1793)
Luther and the German Reformation
Lyndon Johnson's Great Society
Managed economy and consensus politics in Britain, 1951-1964
Maria Theresa and Joseph II (1765-1790)
Mary, Queen of Scots (1542-1567)
McCarthyism
Medieval outcasts
Medieval Russia
Metternich and the Congress of Vienna, 1815
Modern Korea
Mohandas K. Gandhi
Monasticism
Monroe and 'The Era of Good Feeling', 1817-1824
Music and society in Europe
Music and Society in twentieth century America
Muslims in India and Pakistan
Napoleon (1799-1815)
Napoleon III / Louis Napoleon (1852-1870)
Narcotics in the United States
Nation and identity in the British Isles
Nationalisation in Britain, 1945-1951
Nationalism
Native American Culture
Natives and Settlers in colonial America
Neville Chamberlain and the policy of appeasement
New Zealand, 1840-1900
New Zealand, 1900-1945
New Zealand, 1945-
Nicholas I of Russia (1825-1855)
Nicholas II of Russia (1894-1917)
Nonconformism, the Oxford Movement, and Church reform, 1831-1905
Norman Europe
Oliver Cromwell and the Protectorate, 1649-1660
Oliver Cromwell's foreign policy
Organised crime in the United States
Orientalism
Palmerston's Bulldog diplomacy, 1830-1865
Parliament and King in the early seventeenth century
Perestroika and glasnost: Mikhail Gorbachev (1985-1991)
Persia under the Qajars, 1794-1925
Peter the Great of Russia (1682-1725)
Philip II of Spain (1556-1598)
Plantation in Tudor Ireland, c.1500-1600
Poland: The struggle for identity and independence
Popular culture in Australia
Popular culture in nineteenth-century Britain
Popular culture in the Gilded Age
Popular culture in twentieth-century Britain
Popular revolution and military rule in twentieth-century Latin America
Post-war Europe, 1945-61
Post-war France, 1945-
Post-war Germany, 1945-
Pre-Columbian civilisations in America
Preconfederation Canada
Printing and literacy
Printing and literacy in Europe, 1456-1789
Propaganda
Protectionism, free trade and the Corn Laws, 1815-1869
Prussia, 1701-1871
Puritanism in the seventeenth century
Queen Victoria (1837-1901)
Radicalism, Utilitarianism and reform ideologies in Britain, 1830-1890
Reconstruction, 1865-1877
Reform of the Poor Laws, 1834-1836
Religion in colonial America
Religion in modern America 1865-1990
Religion in the United States, 1783-1870
Revolution
Richelieu and Mazarin
Roman Britain
Royal Commission enquiries and the Factory Acts
Russia during the Second World War, 1939-1945
Russia, 1584-1682
Russia, 1682-1825
Salisbury, Chamberlain, and Balfour, 1885-1905
Scandinavia, 1721-1914
Scotland and England 1689-1715: the Act of Union
Singapore, 1819-1959
Slave life in America
Slavery
Social investigators in nineteenth-century Britain
Social reform in the era of Melbourne, Peel and Russell, 1834-1867
South Africa under Apartheid: the politics of race
South Asia since independence, 1947-
South Asian civilizations until the mid-eighteenth century
South-east Asia in the age of imperialism
Southern African societies in the nineteenth century
Spain, 1700-1808
Spain, 1814-1936
Spanish and French settlements in North America and their long-term influence
Sports in American society
Stalinist Russia, 1924-1953
Stonewall and the struggle for gay and lesbian rights
Terrorism
The 1848 revolutions
The 1850s: a decade of crisis in America
The abolition of slavery
The Affluent Society in 1950s America
The Agricultural Revolution in Britain, 1700-1850
The American Civil Rights Movement, 1954-1968
The American Civil War, 1860-1865
The American economy since 1945
The American Revolution, 1775-1783
The Atlantic slave trade
The Austro-Hungarian Empire, 1867-1918
The automobile in American society
The Balkan Wars
The Black Death, 1347-1352
The Bourbon Restoration, 1815-1830
The break up of Yugoslavia
The British monarchy in the twentieth century
The Catholic community in England, 1603-1829
The Catholic Reformation and the Counter-Reformation
The Cold War
The collapse of Communism, 1989-
The coming of the railways, 1830-1870
The Compromise of 1877 and the end of Reconstruction in America
The cotton industry in Britain
The Crimean War, 1853-1856
The Crusades
The Cuban Missile Crisis, 1962
The decline of Ottoman power, 1839-1908
The Decline of Spain, 1598-1700
The Depression and mass unemployment in 1930s Britain
The development of a multi-cultural society in Britain
The development of mass culture in American society
The development of mass media
The development of parliamentary democracy in Britain
The East India Company's rule of India, 1757-1857
The Eastern Question and the Congress of Berlin, 1878
The Elizabethan religious settlement
The English Civil Wars
The Enlightenment in eighteenth-century Europe
The European Reformation
The exploration and settlement of Australia, 1788-1850
The Falklands War, 1982
The Federalist administrations, 1789-1801
The First Reform Act, 1830-1832
The foreign policy of Castlereagh and Canning, 1812-1830
The foundations of American government
The Franco-Prussian War, 1870-1871
The Franks
The French Revolution, 1789-1799
The French Revolutionary Wars, 1792-1802
The French Wars of Religion, 1562-1598
The German Revolution, 1918-1919
The Gilded Age, 1877-1896
The Glorious Revolution: William and Mary (1688-1702)
The Gold Rush: Frontier Dreams
The Great Depression, 1929-1939
The growth of New England, 1650-1775
The Gulf War, 1991
The Habsburg Empire, 1648-1763
The Habsburg-Valois rivalry and the Italian wars, 1494-1559
The Henrician Reformation
The history of Buddhism
The History of Cartography to 1800
The history of cartoons and satire
The history of education
The history of food and drink
The history of Hispanic Americans, 1920-
The history of Hong Kong
The history of Judaism
The history of piracy
The history of science in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries
The history of science to 1800
The history of sport and leisure
The history of the European Union
The history of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation
The history of the Olympic Games
The history of tobacco
The Holocaust
The Holy Roman Empire, 936-1806
The Home Rule question in Ireland, 1848-1867
The Home Rule question in Ireland, 1868-1891
The Home Rule question in Ireland, 1891-1914
The Hundred Years War, 1337-1453
The impact of the Napoleonic Wars, 1800-1815
The Industrial Revolution in Britain
The industrialisation of France and Germany
The July Monarchy, 1830-1848
The Korean War, 1950-1953
The Liberal governments, 1906-1914
The Major years and the rise of New Labour, 1990-2000
The Maoris
The media in America
The Medieval Church
The Medieval Papacy
The Mexican Revolution, 1910-1940
The Middle East, 1918 - 1945
The Middle East, 1945-
The Military-Industrial Complex in the United States
The ministries of Peel, 1834-1835 and 1841-1846
The Mongol Empire, 1206-1368
The Napoleonic Wars, 1803-1815
The National Governments and politics in the 1930s
The Nazi 'economic miracle'
The Netherlands, 1477-1648
The New Deal, 1933-1939
The New Era: 1920s America
The New South
The Nixon administration, 1968-1974
The Nuclear Age
The Opium Wars, 1839-1842, 1856-1860
The origins and development of the Labour Party
The origins and growth of Christianity
The origins of the American Civil War
The origins of the American Revolution, 1754-1775
The origins of the First World War
The origins of the Second World War
The Ottoman Empire, 1492-1839
The Pacific War, 1941-1945
The papacy in the twentieth century
The Paris Commune, 1871
The 'Peculiar Institution': the slavery issue in American politics
The Peninsular War, 1808-1814
The philosophy of the American Revolution
The poor in Tudor England
The post-Reformation papacy
The Pre-Reformation Church in England
The Pre-Reformation Church in Europe
The railroad in America
The Raj between 1858 and 1919
The Renaissance
The rise and fall of Sweden, 1600-1721
The rise and fall of the American Whig party
The rise of Islam
The rise of socialism in Europe
The rise of the multinational company and consumer culture in the United States
The rise of the Nazi party
The rise of the Pacific Rim since 1945
The role of the individual in history
The role of women, 1837-1913
The Romans
The Russian Civil War, 1917-1922
The Russian Revolutions, 1917
The Russo-Japanese War, 1904-5
The Scottish Reformation, 1542-1603
The Scottish Wars of Independence, 1286-1328
The Scramble for Africa
The Second Reform Act, 1867 and the Third Reform Act, 1884-85
The Second World War in North Africa
The Seven Years War, 1756-1763
The South African War, 1899-1902
The Soviet economy
The Soviet Union, 1953-1991
The Space Race
The Spanish Civil War, 1936-1939
The subordination of American Indians and the dispersal of the tribes
The Temperance movement and Prohibition in America
The Third Reich, 1933-1945
The Thirty Years War, 1618-1648
The Three Kingdoms, 1603-1707
The Troubles and Northern Ireland, 1921-
The United Nations, 1946-
The United States and the developing world
The United States Constitution and the Republic, 1776-1800
The United States presidential election of 1860 and the secession crisis
The United States Supreme Court and the Constitution
The Vikings
The visual arts in the United States
The War of 1812
The War of the Austrian Succession, 1740-1745
The Wars of the Roses, 1455-1487
The Weimar Republic, 1919-1933
The Western Front and life in the trenches
The 'Wild West': Life on the American frontier
The Wilson government, 1914-1920
Theodore Roosevelt
Thomas Jefferson, 1743-1826
To the ends of the earth: exploration in the twentieth century
Tokugawa Japan, 1600-1868
Totalitarianism
Tourism and travel
Tudor rebellions
Tudor Wales
Turkey, 1908-1938
United States foreign policy, 1776-1865
Urbanisation and population growth in Britain
Valois France, 1328-1589
Victorian public health reform
Votes for women
Voyages of discovery to Australasia
Wales, 1814-1914
War in Afghanistan, 1978-
War in Vietnam, 1945-65
Warfare in early modern Europe, 1500-1792
Warfare in medieval Europe
Warfare, 1792-1918
Warfare, 1918-
Wilhelmine Germany, 1890-1918
William IV (1830-1837)
William Taft and Woodrow Wilson
William the Conqueror (1066-1087) and the Norman Conquest
Winston Churchill
Witchcraft
Women and the American Civil War
Women and the American Revolution
Women during the two World Wars
Women in America, 1776-1918
Women in America, 1919-
Women in colonial America
Woodrow Wilson's foreign policy